

# Package ‘CCPROMISE’

April 12, 2022

**Type** Package

**Title** PROMISE analysis with Canonical Correlation for Two Forms of High Dimensional Genetic Data

**Version** 1.20.0

**Author** Xueyuan Cao <xueyuan.cao@stjude.org> and Stanley.pounds <stanley.pounds@stjude.org>

**Maintainer** Xueyuan Cao <xueyuan.cao@stjude.org>

**Description** Perform Canonical correlation between two forms of high dimensional genetic data, and associate the first component of each form of data with a specific biologically interesting pattern of associations with multiple endpoints. A probe level analysis is also implemented.

**Depends** R (>= 3.3.0), stats, methods, CCP, PROMISE, Biobase, GSEABase, utils

**License** GPL (>= 2)

**biocViews** Microarray, GeneExpression

**LazyLoad** yes

**git\_url** <https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/CCPROMISE>

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CCPROMISE-package	<i>PRojection Onto the Most Interesting Statistical Evidence with Canonical Correlation</i>
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## Description

a tool to indentify genes that are correlated between two set of genomic variables and are associated with a predefined pattern of associations with multiple endpoint variables.

## Details

Package:	CCPROMISE
Type:	Package
Version:	0.99.3
Date:	2016-10-11
License:	GPL (>=2)
LazyLoad:	yes

The CCPROMISE (Canonical correlation with PROMISE analysis) is performed by calling function CCPROMISE. The two forms of genomic data such as gene expression and methylation are passed through minimal ExpressionSet; the gene annotation (defining relationship between a gene and the two forms of genomic data), phenotypic data and definition of R routines for calculating association statistics with individual endpoint variable are same as in *PROMISE* package. Please refer to *PROMISE* package for writing user defined routines.

## Author(s)

Xueyuan Cao <xueyuan.cao@stjude.org>, Stanley Pounds <stanley.pounds@stjude.org>  
 Maintainer: Xueyuan Cao <xueyuan.cao@stjude.org>

## References

- Cao X, Crews KR, Downing J, Lamba J and Pounds XB (2016) CC-PROMISE effectively integrates two forms of molecular data with multiple biologically related endpoint. *BMC Bioinformatics* 17(Suppl 13):382
- Hotelling H. (1936). Relations between two sets of variables. *Biometrika*, 28, 321-327
- Pounds S, Cheng C, Cao X, Crews KR, Plunkett W, Gandhi V, Rubnitz J, Ribeiro RC, Downing JR, and Lamba J (2009) PROMISE: a tool to identify genomic features with a specific biologically interesting pattern of associations with multiple endpoint variables. *Bioinformatics* 25: 2013-2019

Wilks, S. S. (1935) On the independence of k sets of normally distributed statistical variables. *Econometrica*, 3 309-326.

### Examples

```
## load data
data(explESet)
data(explMSet)
data(explGeneSet)
data(explPat)
## Perform CCPROMISE test
test<- CCPROMISE(geneSet=explGeneSet,
                 ESet=explESet,
                 MSet=explMSet,
                 promise.pattern=explPat,
                 strat.var=NULL,
                 prlbl=NULL,
                 EMlbl=c("Expr", "Methyl"),
                 nbperm=TRUE,
                 max.ntail=10,
                 nperms=100,
                 seed=13)
```

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CANN

*Canonical Correlation of Two Sets of Genomic Data*

---

### Description

Compute canonical correlation between two sets of genomic data.

### Usage

```
CANN (geneSet, Edat, Mdat, EMlbl = c("Expr", "Methyl"), phdat)
```

### Arguments

geneSet	a gene set collection to annotate probes to gene
Edat	data frame of the first form of genomic data, such as gene expression data with row being probes and column being subjects. The column names should match the row names <i>phdat</i>
Mdat	data frame of the second form of genomic data, such as methylation data with row being probes and column being subjects. The column names should match the row names <i>phdat</i>
EMlbl	label of the genomic data, default=c("Expr", "Methyl") for <i>Edat</i> and <i>Mdat</i>
phdat	phenotype data with row being subjects and column being phenotype variables. The row names should match the column names of <i>Edat</i> and <i>Mdat</i>

## Details

The function performs Canonical correlation between two forms genomic data for each gene (Edat and Mdat) defined by *gann*. If a gene only has one form of genomic data, the first principal component is used; If one form of data has number of probesets exceeding the number of subjects, the first number of subjects probesets are used. The function return a list of three components. See *value* for details.

## Value

The output of the function is a list of length 3 with three components:

CCres	canonical correlation result: a data frame with row for each each gene and six columns (Gene: gene names; n.EM1bl[1]: number of probes of first form genomic data; n.EM1bl[2]: number of probes of second form genomic data; CanonicalCR: Canonical correlation of first components; WilksPermPval: permutation p value of Wilks' Lambda; WilksAsymPval: p value of F-approximations of Wilks' Lambda).
FSTccscore	the first component of canonical correlation: a data frame with row for each gene, first half of columns for first component of first form genomic data and second half of columns for first component of second form genomic data.
CCload	a data frame of loading (each row is for a gene, first column is gene names, second column is the probeset ids of first form genomic data seperated by ' ', third column is the load for each probeset in first form genomic data seperated by ' ', fourth column is the probeset ids of second form genomic data seperated by ' ', fifth column is the load for each probeset in second form genomic data seperated by ' ')

## Author(s)

Xueyuan Cao <Xueyuan.cao@stjude.org>, Stanley Pounds <stanley.pounds@stjude.org>

## References

Hotelling H. (1936). Relations between two sets of variables. *Biometrika*, 28, 321-327

## See Also

[CCPROMISE](#)

## Examples

```
## load  exmplEdat exmplMdat
data(exmplESet)
data(exmplMSet)
data(exmplGeneSet)
## Perform canonical correlation test
test1<- CANN(geneSet=exmplGeneSet,
             Edat=exprs(exmplESet),
             Mdat=exprs(exmplMSet),
             EM1bl=c("Expr", "Methyl"),
```

```
phdat=pData(exmplESet))
```

---

 CCPROMISE

*PROMISE Analysis with Canonical Correlation for Two Forms of Genomic Data*


---

### Description

PROMISE analysis of two genomic sets with multiple phenotypes under a predefined association pattern at gene level.

### Usage

```
CCPROMISE (geneSet, ESet, MSet, promise.pattern, strat.var = NULL,
           prlbl = NULL, EMlbl = c("Expr", "Mthyl"), nbperm = FALSE,
           max.ntail = 100, nperms = 10000, seed = 13)
```

### Arguments

geneSet	a gene set collection to annotate probes to gene
ESet	an ExpressionSet class contains minimum of exprs (expression matrix) of first form of genomic data such as gene expression and phenoData (AnnotatedDataFrame of end point data). Please refer to Biobase for details on how to create such an ExpressionSet expression set.
MSet	an ExpressionSet class of second form of genomic data such as methylation levels, the subject id of MSet and ESet should be exactly same
promise.pattern	PROMISE pattern
strat.var	stratum variable
prlbl	labels
EMlbl	label of the genomic data, default=c('Expr', 'Methyl') for ESet and MSet
nbperm	indicator of fast permutation using negative binomial strategy, taking two valid values: FALSE or TRUE. The default is FALSE.
max.ntail	number of success if nbperm = T. Further permutation will not be performed for gene(s) or gene set(s) which max.ntail permuted statistics are greater or equal to the observed statistics, The default is 100.
nperms	number of permutation, default = 10,000
seed	initial seed of random number generator. The default is 13.

### Details

The function performs PROMISE analysis for two forms of genomic data in minimal expression set format with a predefined phenotypic pattern. It calls two external function *CANN* and *PROMISE2*

**Value**

The output is a list of length 4. The 4 components are as following:

PRres	PROMISE result for the first component of canonical correlation between two forms of geneomic data. individual genes' test statistics and p-values for each individual endpoint and PROMISE analysis
CCres	result of canonical correlation analysis with six columns: Gene: Gene names; n.EMbl[1]: number of probe set in the first form data; n.EMbl[2]: number of probe set in the second form data; CanonicalCR: Canonical correlation of first components; WilksPermPval: permutatation p value of Wilks' Lambda; WilksAsymPval: p value of F-approximations of Wilks' Lambda.
FSTccscore	loads of first component of canonical correlation: a data frame of loading (each row is for a gene, first column is gene names, second column is the probeset ids of first form genomic data seperated by ' ', third column is the load for each probeset in first form genomic data seperated by ' ', fourth column is the probeset ids of second form genomic data seperated by ' ', fifth column is the load for each probeset in second form genomic data seperated by ' ')
CCload	a data frame of loading (each row is for a gene, first column is gene names, second column is the probeset ids of first form genomic data seperated by ' ', third column is the load for each probeset in first form genomic data seperated by ' ', fourth column is the probeset ids of second form genomic data seperated by ' ', fifth column is the load for each probeset in second form genomic data seperated by ' ')

**Author(s)**

Xueyuan Cao <Xueyuan.cao@stjude.org>, Stanley Pounds <stanley.pounds@stjude.org>

**References**

Cao X, Crews KR, Downing J, Lamba J and Pounds SB (2016) CC-PROMISE effectively integrates two forms of molecular data with multiple biologically related endpoint. *BMC Bioinformatics* 17(Suppl 13):382

**See Also**

[CANN PROMISE2](#)

**Examples**

```
## load data
data(explESet)
data(explMSet)
data(explGeneSet)
data(explPat)
## Perform canonical correlation test
test<- CCPROMISE(geneSet=explGeneSet,
                 ESet=explESet,
                 MSet=explMSet,
```

```
promise.pattern=exmplPat,  
strat.var=NULL,  
prlbl=NULL,  
EMlbl=c("Expr", "Methyl"),  
nbperm=FALSE,  
max.ntail=10,  
nperms=100,  
seed=13)
```

---

**exmplESet***Example of Conceptual Expression Set*

---

**Description**

an ExpressionSet class contains minimum of exprs (expression matrix) of gene expression and phenoData (AnnotatedDataFrame of end point data).

**Usage**

```
data(exmplESet)
```

**Value**

an example ExpressionSet contains conceptual data of 105 expression features measured by U133A array for 151 subjects. The phenotype data has 8 columns for the same 151 subjects.

---

**exmplGeneSet***Example of Conceptual Gene Annotation*

---

**Description**

An conceptual exmple of gene set collection to annotate both form of genomic data to genes. The gene names can be extracted by method of setName() and probe ids can be extracted by method of geneIds()

**Usage**

```
data(exmplGeneSet)
```

**Value**

a conceptual gene set collection of 10 genes with 319 unique U133A expression probe ids or Infinium HumanMethylation450 probe ids.

---

`exmplMSet`*Example of Conceptual Methylation Set*

---

**Description**

an conceptual ExpressionSet class contains minimum of exprs (matrix) of DNA methylation and phenoData (AnnotatedDataFrame of end point data).

**Usage**

```
data(exmplMSet)
```

**Value**

an conceptual example ExpressionSet of 735 DNA methylation probe ids for 151 subjects. The phenotype data has 8 columns for the same 151 subjects

---

`exmplPat`*Example of Conceptual Phenotype Pattern Definition Set*

---

**Description**

An conceptual exmple of phenotype pattern definition set with three columns: stat.coef, stat.func, and endpt.vars; It defines an association pattern for three phenotypes.

**Usage**

```
data(exmplPat)
```

**Value**

a data frame



---

PrbCor *Probe Level Correlation of Two Sets of Genomic Data*


---

### Description

Compute Spearman correlation of all probe combination between two sets of genomic data within a gene.

### Usage

```
PrbCor (geneSet, Edat, Mdat, EMlbl = c("Expr", "Methyl"), phdat,
       pcut = 0.05)
```

### Arguments

geneSet	a gene set collection to annotate probes to gene
Edat	data frame of the first form of genomic data, such as gene expression data with row being probes and column being subjects. The column names should match the row names <i>phdat</i>
Mdat	data frame of the second form of genomic data, such as methylation data with row being probes and column being subjects. The column names should match the row names <i>phdat</i>
EMlbl	label of the genomic data, default=c("Expr", "Methyl") for <i>Edat</i> and <i>Mdat</i>
phdat	phenotype data with row being subjects and column being phenotype variables. The row names should match the column names of <i>Edat</i> and <i>Mdat</i>
pcut	p value cutoff to eliminate probe pairs that are not significantly correlated. Default is 0.05

### Details

The function performs Spearman correlation for all probe pairs between two forms genomic data within each gene (*Edat* and *Mdat*) defined by *gann*. If a gene only has one form of genomic data, the other form is coded as NA. The function return a list of two components. See *value* for details.

### Value

The output of the function is a list of length 2. The 2 components are as following:

res	spearman correlation result: a data frame with row for each probe pair with correlation p value < pcut and five columns; Gene: Gene names; EMlbl[1]: probe id in the first form data; EMlbl[2]: probe id in the second form data; Spearman.rstat: Spearman r statistics; Spearman.p: Spearman p value.
gen	Probe level data: a data frame with row for each probe pairs, first half of columns for first form genomic data and second half of columns for second form genomic data with sign reflecting the correlation of the probe pair.

**Author(s)**

Xueyuan Cao <Xueyuan.cao@stjude.org>, Stanley Pounds <stanley.pounds@stjude.org>

**See Also**

[CCPROMISE](#)

**Examples**

```
## load exmplPhDat exmplEdat exmplMdat
data(exmplESet)
data(exmplMSet)
data(exmplGeneSet)
## Perform canonical correlation test
test1<- PrbCor(geneSet=exmplGeneSet,
               Edat=exprs(exmplESet),
               Mdat=exprs(exmplMSet),
               EMlbl=c("Expr", "Methyl"),
               phdat=pData(exmplESet))
```

---

PrbPROMISE

*PROMISE Analysis with Two Forms of Genomic Data at Probe Level*


---

**Description**

PROMISE analysis of two genomic sets with multiple phenotypes under a predefined association pattern at probe level.

**Usage**

```
PrbPROMISE (geneSet, ESet, MSet, promise.pattern, strat.var = NULL,
            prlbl = NULL, EMlbl = c("Expr", "Mthyl"), pcut = 0.05, nbperm = FALSE,
            max.ntail = 100, nperms = 10000, seed = 13)
```

**Arguments**

geneSet	a gene set collection to annotate probes to gene
ESet	an ExpressionSet class contains minimum of exprs (expression matrix) of first form of genomic data such as gene expression and phenoData (AnnotatedDataFrame of end point data). Please refer to Biobase for details on how to create such an ExpressionSet expression set.
MSet	an ExpressionSet class of second form of genomic data such as methylation levels, the subject id of MSet and ESet should be exactly same
promise.pattern	PROMISE pattern
strat.var	stratum variable

prlbl	labels
EMlbl	label of the genomic data, default=c('Expr', 'Methyl') for ESet and MSet
pcut	p value cutoff to eliminate probe pairs that are not significantly correlated. Default is 0.05
nbperm	indicator of fast permutation using negative binomial strategy, taking two valid values: FALSE or TRUE. The default is FALSE.
max.ntail	number of success if nbperm = T. Further permutation will not be performed for gene(s) or gene set(s) which max.ntail permuted statistics are greater or equal to the observed statistics, The default is 100.
nperms	number of permutation, default = 10,000
seed	initial seed of random number generator. The default is 13.

### Details

The function performs PROMISE analysis for two forms of genomic data in minimal expression set format with a predefined phenotypic pattern. It calls two external function *PrbCor* and *PROMISE2*

### Value

The output of the function is a list of length 2. The 2 components are as following:

PRres	PROMISE result for the first component of canonical correlation between two forms of genomic data. individual genes' test statistics and p-values for each individual endpoint and PROMISE analysis
CORres	result of spearman correlation analysis of probe pairs within a gene with five columns: Gene: Gene names; EMlbl[1]: probe id in the first form data; EMlbl[2]: probe id in the second form data; Spearman.rstat: Spearman r statistics; Spearman.p: Spearman p value.

### Author(s)

Xueyuan Cao <Xueyuan.cao@stjude.org>, Stanley Pounds <stanley.pounds@stjude.org>

### See Also

[PrbCor](#) [PROMISE2](#)

### Examples

```
## load data
data(explESet)
data(explMSet)
data(explGeneSet)
data(explPat)
## Perform probe level PROMISE analysis
test<-PrbPROMISE(geneSet=explGeneSet,
                 ESet=explESet,
                 MSet=explMSet,
                 promise.pattern=explPat,
```

```

strat.var=NULL,
pr1bl=c('LC50', 'MRD22', 'EFS', 'PR3'),
EM1bl=c("Expr", "Methyl"),
nbperm=TRUE,
max.ntail=10,
nperms=100,
seed=13)

```

---

PROMISE2

*PROMISE Analysis of Two Genomic Sets*


---

### Description

PROMISE analysis of two genomic sets with multiple phenotypes.

### Usage

```

PROMISE2 (exprSet, exprSet2, geneSet = NULL, promise.pattern,
          strat.var = NULL, nbperm = FALSE, max.ntail = 100, nperms = 10000,
          seed = 13)

```

### Arguments

exprSet	expression set of first genomic data
exprSet2	expression set of second genomic data
geneSet	geneSet should be NULL.
promise.pattern	PROMISE pattern
strat.var	stratum variable
nbperm	indicator of fast permutation using negative binomial strategy, taking two valid values: FALSE or TRUE. The default is FALSE.
max.ntail	number of success if nbperm = T. Further permutation will not be performed for gene(s) or gene set(s) which max.ntail permuted statistics are greater or equal to the observed statistics, The default is 100.
nperms	number of permutation, default = 10,000
seed	random seed, default = 13

### Details

The function performs PROMISE analysis for two set genomic data with a predefined phenotypic pattern. It is intermediate function called by *CCPROMISE* to perform PROMISE analysis with canonical correlation

**Value**

The output of the function is a list of length 2. The 2 components are as following:

genes	individual genes' test statistics and p-values for each individual endpoint and PROMISE analysis.
setres	Gene set level analysis is not implemented with value <i>NULL</i>

**Author(s)**

Xueyuan Cao <Xueyuan.cao@stjude.org>, Stanley Pounds <stanley.pounds@stjude.org>

**See Also**

[CCPROMISE](#)

**Examples**

```
## load data
data(explESet)
data(explMSet)
data(explGeneSet)
data(explPat)
## Perform canonical correlation test
test<- PROMISE2(explESet[1:10],
                explMSet[1:10],
                promise.pattern=explPat,
                strat.var=NULL,
                nbperm=FALSE,
                max.ntail=10,
                nperms=100,
                seed=13)
```

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