

Package ‘ggspavis’

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Title Visualization functions for spatial transcriptomics data

Description Visualization functions for spatial transcriptomics data. Includes functions to generate several types of plots, including spot plots, feature (molecule) plots, reduced dimension plots, spot-level quality control (QC) plots, and feature-level QC plots, for datasets from the 10x Genomics Visium and other technological platforms. Datasets are assumed to be in either SpatialExperiment or SingleCellExperiment format.

URL <https://github.com/lmweber/ggspavis>

BugReports <https://github.com/lmweber/ggspavis/issues>

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Encoding UTF-8

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plotCoords	<i>plotCoords</i>
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Description

Plotting functions for spatial transcriptomics data.

Usage

```
plotCoords(
  spe,
  x_coord = NULL,
  y_coord = NULL,
  sample_id = NULL,
  in_tissue = "in_tissue",
  annotate = NULL,
  feature_names = NULL,
  assay_name = "counts",
  pal = NULL,
  point_shape = 16,
  point_size = 0.3,
  legend_position = "right",
  legend_point_size = 3,
  show_axes = FALSE,
  y_reverse = TRUE,
  text_by = NULL,
  text_by_size = 5,
  text_by_color = "black"
)

plotSpots(...)
```

Arguments

spe	Input data, assumed to be a <code>SpatialExperiment</code> or <code>SingleCellExperiment</code> object.
x_coord	Name of column in <code>spatialCoords</code> (for a <code>SpatialExperiment</code> input object) or <code>colData</code> (for a <code>SingleCellExperiment</code> input object) containing x coordinates. Default = <code>NULL</code> (for a <code>SpatialExperiment</code> , the first column of <code>spatialCoords</code> will be selected in this case).

y_coord	Name of column in spatialCoords (for a SpatialExperiment input object) or colData (for a SingleCellExperiment input object) containing y coordinates. Default = NULL (for a SpatialExperiment, the second column of spatialCoords will be selected in this case).
sample_id	Name of column in colData containing sample IDs. This argument is only required for datasets containing multiple samples (tissue sections). If provided, samples will be shown in multiple panels using facetting. Default = NULL.
in_tissue	Name of column in colData identifying spots over tissue (e.g. "in_tissue" for 10x Genomics Visium datasets). If this argument is provided, only spots over tissue will be shown. Default = "in_tissue". Set to NULL to display all spots.
annotate	Variable to show as annotations. This may be discrete or continuous. For a discrete variable (e.g. cluster labels), this should be the name of a column in colData containing a character vector or factor. For a continuous variable (e.g. a gene name), this should be an entry in feature_names. Default = NULL.
feature_names	Name of column in rowData containing names of continuous features to plot (e.g. gene names). For example, set to feature_names = "gene_name" if gene names are stored in a column named "gene_name". This argument is used if annotate is a continuous variable. Default = NULL, in which case the row names of the input object will be used.
assay_name	Name of assay in input object containing values to plot for a continuous variable. Default = "counts".
pal	Color palette for annotations. Options for discrete values are "libd_layer_colors", "Okabe-Ito", or any vector of color names or hex values. For continuous values, provide a vector of length 2 for the low and high range, e.g. c("gray90", "navy").
point_shape	Point shape. Default = 16, which gives a circular shape suitable for representing, for example, a Visium spot or Xenium cell. A value of 15 gives a square shape suitable for Visium HD.
point_size	Point size. Default = 0.3.
legend_position	Legend position for discrete annotations. Options are "left", "right", "top", "bottom", and "none". Default = "right".
legend_point_size	Legend point size for discrete annotations. Default = 3.
show_axes	Whether to show axis titles, text, and ticks. Default = FALSE.
y_reverse	Whether to reverse y coordinates. This is usually required for 10x Genomics Visium datasets when using the default coordinate values. Default = TRUE. Set to FALSE if not needed, e.g. for other platforms.
text_by	Column name of annotation labels to display over each cluster of points. This will usually be the same as annotate. Alternatively, another column may be used (e.g. with more readable classes or shorter strings). Only used for discrete annotate. Default = NULL.
text_by_size	Text size for annotation labels over each cluster. Default = 5.
text_by_color	Color name or hex code for annotation labels. Default = "black".
...	Not used.

Details

Function to create spot plot showing spatial locations in x-y coordinates with optional annotations such as cluster labels, expression of a gene, or quality control metrics.

Value

Returns a ggplot object, which may be further modified using ggplot functions.

Author(s)

Lukas M. Weber and Yixing E. Dong

Examples

```
library(STexampleData)

# discrete annotations
spe <- Visium_humanDLPFC()
plotCoords(spe, annotate = "ground_truth")

# continuous annotations
spe <- Visium_mouseCoronal()
plotCoords(spe, annotate = "Gapdh", feature_names = "gene_name")
```

plotDimRed	<i>plotDimRed</i>
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Description

Plotting functions for spatial transcriptomics data.

Usage

```
plotDimRed(
  spe,
  plot_type = c("UMAP", "PCA"),
  annotate = NULL,
  feature_names = NULL,
  assay_name = "counts",
  update_dimnames = TRUE,
  pal = NULL,
  point_size = 0.3,
  legend_point_size = 3,
  text_by = NULL,
  text_by_size = 5,
  text_by_color = "black"
)
```

Arguments

spe	Input data, assumed to be a SpatialExperiment or SingleCellExperiment object.
plot_type	Type of reduced dimension plot. Possible options are "UMAP", "PCA", or any other set of reduced dimensions stored in the input object. Default = "UMAP".

annotate	Variable to show as annotations. This may be discrete or continuous. For a discrete variable (e.g. cluster labels), this should be the name of a column in colData containing a character vector or factor. For a continuous variable (e.g. a gene name), this should be an entry in feature_names. Default = NULL.
feature_names	Name of column in rowData containing names of continuous features to plot (e.g. gene names). For example, set to feature_names = "gene_name" if gene names are stored in a column named "gene_name". This argument is used if annotate is a continuous variable. Default = NULL, in which case the row names of the input object will be used.
assay_name	Name of assay in input object containing values to plot for a continuous variable. Default = "counts".
update_dimnames	Whether to update column names of reducedDims to default values for plotting. Default = TRUE.
pal	Color palette for annotations. Options for discrete values are "libd_layer_colors", "Okabe-Ito", or any vector of color names or hex values. For continuous values, provide a vector of length 2 for the low and high range, e.g. c("gray90", "navy").
point_size	Point size. Default = 0.3.
legend_point_size	Legend point size for discrete annotations. Default = 3.
text_by	Column name of annotation labels to display over each cluster of points. This will usually be the same as annotate. Alternatively, another column may be used (e.g. with more readable classes or shorter strings). Only used for discrete annotate. Default = NULL.
text_by_size	Text size for annotation labels over each cluster. Default = 5.
text_by_color	Color name or hex code for annotation labels. Default = "black".

Details

Function to create reduced dimension plot (e.g. PCA or UMAP) with additional optional annotations such as cluster labels, expression of a gene, or quality control metrics.

Value

Returns a ggplot object, which may be further modified using ggplot functions.

Author(s)

Lukas M. Weber and Yixing E. Dong

Examples

```
library(STexampleData)
spe <- Visium_humanDLPFC()

# select spots over tissue
spe <- spe[, colData(spe)$in_tissue == 1]

# use small subset of data for this example
n <- 200
set.seed(123)
spe <- spe[, sample(seq_len(ncol(spe)), n)]
```

```

# calculate logcounts
library(scran)
spe <- logNormCounts(spe)

# identify top highly variable genes (HVGs)
is_mito <- grepl("(^MT-)|(^mt-)", rowData(spe)$gene_name)
spe <- spe[!is_mito, ]
dec <- modelGeneVar(spe)
top_hvgs <- getTopHVGs(dec, prop = 0.1)

# run dimensionality reduction
library(scater)
set.seed(123)
spe <- runPCA(spe, subset_row = top_hvgs)
set.seed(123)
spe <- runUMAP(spe, dimred = "PCA")
colnames(reducedDim(spe, "UMAP")) <- paste0("UMAP", 1:2)

# generate plot
plotDimRed(spe, plot_type = "UMAP", annotate = "ground_truth")

```

plotFeatureQC

plotFeatureQC

Description

Plotting functions for spatial transcriptomics data.

Usage

```

plotFeatureQC(
  spe,
  plot_type = c("histogram", "violin"),
  x_metric = NULL,
  annotate = NULL,
  n_bins = 100,
  point_size = 0.1,
  scale_log1p = TRUE
)

```

Arguments

spe	Input data, assumed to be a SpatialExperiment or SingleCellExperiment object.
plot_type	Type of QC plot. Options are "histogram" and "violin". See Details for additional details.
x_metric	Name of column in rowData containing feature-level QC metric to plot on x-axis. Required for histograms and violin plots.
annotate	Name of column in rowData identifying selected features that do not meet QC filtering thresholds, which will be highlighted on a histogram or violin plot. Default = NULL. Optional argument used for histograms and violin plots.

n_bins	Number of bins for histograms. Default = 100. Optional argument used for histograms.
point_size	Point size. Default = 0.1. Optional argument for violin plots.
scale_log1p	Whether to log1p-scale axes. Default = TRUE.

Details

Function to create feature-level quality control (QC) plots for spatial transcriptomics data.

The following types of feature-level (i.e. gene-level) QC plots are available:

- Histogram (plot_type = "histogram") for a single QC metric, e.g. total UMI counts across all spots per feature. The histogram can optionally highlight selected features, e.g. low abundance features.
- Violin (plot_type = "violin") for a single QC metric, e.g. total UMI counts across all spots per feature. The violin plot can optionally highlight selected features, e.g. low abundance features.

For observation-level (i.e. spot-level or cell-level) QC plots, see [plotObsQC](#).

Value

Returns a ggplot object, which may be further modified using ggplot functions.

Author(s)

Yixing E. Dong and Lukas M. Weber

Examples

```
library(STexampleData)
spe <- Visium_humanDLPFC()

rowData(spe)$feature_sum <- rowSums(counts(spe))
rowData(spe)$low_abundance <- rowSums(counts(spe) > 0) < 20

plotFeatureQC(spe, plot_type = "histogram",
               x_metric = "feature_sum", annotate = "low_abundance")
plotFeatureQC(spe, plot_type = "violin",
               x_metric = "feature_sum", annotate = "low_abundance")
```

plotMolecules

plotMolecules

Description

Plotting functions for spatial transcriptomics data.

Usage

```
plotMolecules(
  spe,
  molecule = NULL,
  x_coord = NULL,
  y_coord = NULL,
  sample_id = "sample_id",
  pal = c("gray90", "navy"),
  point_size = 0.3
)
```

Arguments

<code>spe</code>	(SpatialExperiment) Input data, assumed to be a <code>SpatialExperiment</code> object.
<code>molecule</code>	Name of mRNA molecule to plot (assumed to match one of the row names of <code>rowData</code>).
<code>x_coord</code>	Name of column in <code>spatialCoords</code> containing x coordinates. Default = <code>NULL</code> , which selects the first column of <code>spatialCoords</code> .
<code>y_coord</code>	Name of column in <code>spatialCoords</code> containing y coordinates. Default = <code>NULL</code> , which selects the second column of <code>spatialCoords</code> .
<code>sample_id</code>	Name of column in <code>colData</code> containing sample IDs. This argument is only required for datasets containing multiple samples (tissue sections). If provided, samples will be shown in multiple panels using facetting. Default = <code>NULL</code> .
<code>pal</code>	Color palette, provided as a vector of length 2 for the low and high range. Default = <code>c("gray90", "navy")</code> .
<code>point_size</code>	Point size. Default = 0.3.

Details

Function to create spot plot for molecule-based datasets, showing spatial locations in x-y coordinates with optional annotations such as expression of a gene.

Value

Returns a `ggplot` object, which may be further modified using `ggplot` functions.

Author(s)

Lukas M. Weber

Examples

```
library(STexampleData)
spe <- seqFISH_mouseEmbryo()
plotMolecules(spe, molecule = "Sox2")
```


plotObsQC

*plotObsQC***Description**

Plotting functions for spatial transcriptomics data.

Usage

```
plotObsQC(
  spe,
  plot_type = c("histogram", "scatter", "spot", "violin"),
  x_coord = NULL,
  y_coord = NULL,
  x_metric = NULL,
  y_metric = NULL,
  x_threshold = NULL,
  y_threshold = NULL,
  trend = TRUE,
  marginal = TRUE,
  annotate = NULL,
  in_tissue = NULL,
  legend_point_size = 3,
  n_bins = 100,
  point_size = 0.3,
  y_reverse = TRUE
)

plotQC(...)

plotSpotQC(...)
```

Arguments

spe	Input data, assumed to be a <code>SpatialExperiment</code> or <code>SingleCellExperiment</code> object.
plot_type	Type of QC plot. Options are "histogram", "scatter", "spot", and "violin". See Details for additional details.
x_coord	Name of column in <code>spatialCoords</code> (for a <code>SpatialExperiment</code> input object) or <code>colData</code> (for a <code>SingleCellExperiment</code> input object) containing x coordinates. Default = NULL (for a <code>SpatialExperiment</code> , the first column of <code>spatialCoords</code> will be selected in this case). Used for spot plots.
y_coord	Name of column in <code>spatialCoords</code> (for a <code>SpatialExperiment</code> input object) or <code>colData</code> (for a <code>SingleCellExperiment</code> input object) containing y coordinates. Default = NULL (for a <code>SpatialExperiment</code> , the second column of <code>spatialCoords</code> will be selected in this case). Used for spot plots.
x_metric	Name of column in <code>colData</code> containing QC metric to plot on x-axis. Required for histograms, scatter plots, and violin plots.
y_metric	Name of column in <code>colData</code> containing QC metric to plot on y-axis. Required for histograms, scatter plots, and violin plots.

<code>x_threshold</code>	QC filtering threshold on x-axis metric to highlight with vertical line. Default = NULL. Optional argument used for scatter plots.
<code>y_threshold</code>	QC filtering threshold on y-axis metric to highlight with horizontal line. Default = NULL. Optional argument used for scatter plots.
<code>trend</code>	Whether to show smoothed trend line (loess). Default = TRUE. Optional argument used for scatter plots.
<code>marginal</code>	Whether to show marginal histograms. Default = TRUE. Optional argument used for scatter plots.
<code>annotate</code>	Name of column in <code>colData</code> identifying selected spots that do not meet QC filtering thresholds, which will be highlighted on a histogram, spot plot, or violin plot. Default = NULL. Optional argument used for histograms, spot plots, and violin plots.
<code>in_tissue</code>	Name of column in <code>colData</code> identifying spots over tissue (e.g. "in_tissue" for 10x Genomics Visium datasets). If this argument is provided, only spots over tissue will be shown. Default = NULL. Optional argument used for spot plots.
<code>legend_point_size</code>	Legend point size. Default = 3. Optional argument used for spot plots.
<code>n_bins</code>	Number of bins for histograms. Default = 100. Optional argument used for histograms.
<code>point_size</code>	Point size. Default = 0.3. Optional argument for scatter plots, spot plots, and violin plots. Suggested values: 0.5 for scatter plots, 0.3 for spot plots, 0.1 for violin plots.
<code>y_reverse</code>	Whether to reverse y coordinates. This is usually required for 10x Genomics Visium datasets when using the default coordinate values. Default = TRUE. Set to FALSE if not needed, e.g. for other platforms. Optional argument used for spot plots.
<code>...</code>	Not used.

Details

Function to create observation-level quality control (QC) plots for spatial transcriptomics data.

The following types of observation-level (i.e. spot-level or cell-level) QC plots are available:

- Histogram (`plot_type = "histogram"`) for a single QC metric, e.g. number of UMI counts per spot. For number of counts per spot, the histogram can optionally highlight selected spots, e.g. spots with low library size.
- Scatter plot (`plot_type = "scatter"`) comparing two QC metrics, e.g. number of detected features vs. number of cells per spot, with optional horizontal and vertical lines highlighting QC filtering thresholds.
- Spot plot (`plot_type = "spot"`) showing spots in spatial x-y coordinates, e.g. highlighting selected spots that do not meet filtering thresholds.
- Violin plot (`plot_type = "violin"`) for a single QC metric, e.g. number of UMI counts per spot. For number of counts per spot, the violin plot can optionally highlight selected spots, e.g. spots with low library size.

For feature-level (i.e. gene-level) QC plots, see [plotFeatureQC](#).

Value

Returns a ggplot object, which may be further modified using ggplot functions.

Author(s)

Lukas M. Weber and Yixing E. Dong

Examples

```
library(STexampleData)
spe <- Visium_humanDLPFC()

colData(spe)$sum <- colSums(counts(spe))
colData(spe)$low_libsize <- colData(spe)$sum < 400

plotObsQC(spe, plot_type = "histogram", x_metric = "sum", annotate = "low_libsize")
plotObsQC(spe, plot_type = "scatter", x_metric = "sum", y_metric = "cell_count")
plotObsQC(spe, plot_type = "spot", annotate = "low_libsize", in_tissue = "in_tissue")
plotObsQC(spe, plot_type = "violin", x_metric = "sum", annotate = "low_libsize")
```

plotVisium

plotVisium

Description

Plots for spatially resolved transcriptomics data from the 10x Genomics Visium platform

Usage

```
plotVisium(
  spe,
  spots = TRUE,
  annotate = NULL,
  highlight = NULL,
  facets = "sample_id",
  image = TRUE,
  zoom = FALSE,
  show_axes = FALSE,
  assay = "counts",
  trans = "identity",
  point_shape = 21,
  point_size = 1,
  legend_position = "right",
  x_coord = NULL,
  y_coord = NULL,
  y_reverse = TRUE,
  sample_ids = NULL,
  image_ids = NULL,
  pal = NULL
)
```

Arguments

<code>spe</code>	(SpatialExperiment) Input data object.
<code>spots</code>	(logical) Whether to display spots (spatial barcodes) as points. Default = TRUE.
<code>annotate</code>	(character) Column in <code>colData</code> to use to fill points by color. If <code>annotate</code> contains a numeric column (e.g. total UMI counts), a continuous color scale will be used. If <code>annotate</code> contains a factor (e.g. cluster labels), a discrete color scale will be used. Default = NULL.
<code>highlight</code>	(character) Column in <code>colData</code> to use to highlight points by outlining them. For example, <code>in_tissue</code> will highlight spots overlapping with tissue. Default = NULL.
<code>facets</code>	(character) Column in <code>colData</code> to use to facet plots, i.e. show multiple panels of plots. Default = "sample_id". Set to NULL to disable.
<code>image</code>	(logical) Whether to show histology image as background. Default = TRUE.
<code>zoom</code>	(logical) Whether to zoom to area of tissue containing spots. Default = FALSE
<code>show_axes</code>	(logical) Whether to show axes and coordinates. Default = FALSE
<code>assay</code>	(character) Name of assay data to use when <code>annotate</code> is in <code>rownames(spe)</code> . Should be one of <code>assayNames(spe)</code> .
<code>trans</code>	Transformation to apply for continuous scales. Ignored unless <code>annotate</code> is numeric, e.g. feature expression. (See <code>?continuous_scale</code> from <code>ggplot2</code> for valid options.)
<code>point_shape</code>	(numeric) Point shape. Default = 21, which gives a circular shape suitable for representing for example, a Visium spot or Xenium cell. A value of 22 gives a square shape suitable for Visium HD.
<code>point_size</code>	(numeric) Point size. Default = 1.
<code>legend_position</code>	Legend position for annotations. Options are "left", "right", "top", "bottom", and "none". Default = "right".
<code>x_coord</code>	(character) Column in <code>spatialCoords</code> containing x-coordinates. Default = NULL, which selects the first column.
<code>y_coord</code>	(character) Column in <code>spatialCoords</code> containing y-coordinates. Default = NULL, which selects the second column.
<code>y_reverse</code>	(logical) Whether to reverse y coordinates, which is often required for Visium data, depending on the orientation of the raw data. Default = TRUE.
<code>sample_ids</code>	(character) Samples to show, if multiple samples are available. Default = NULL (show all samples).
<code>image_ids</code>	(character) Images to show, if multiple images are available. Default = NULL (show all images).
<code>pal</code>	(character) Color palette for points. Options for discrete labels are "libd_layer_colors", "Okabe-Ito", or a custom vector of hex color codes. Options for continuous values are "viridis", a single color name (e.g. "red", "navy", etc), or a vector of length two containing color names for each end of the scale. Default = "libd_layer_colors" for discrete data, and "viridis" for continuous data.

Details

Function to generate plots for spatially resolved transcriptomics datasets from the 10x Genomics Visium spatially platform.

This function generates a plot for spot-based spatially resolved transcriptomics data from the 10x Genomics Visium platform, with several options available to adjust the plot type and style.

Value

Returns a ggplot object. Additional plot elements can be added as ggplot elements (e.g. title, customized formatting, etc).

Author(s)

Helena L. Crowell, with modifications by Lukas M. Weber and Yixing E. Dong

Examples

```
library(STexampleData)

spe <- Visium_mouseCoronal()
colData(spe)$sum <- colSums(counts(spe))

# color by colData, highlight in-tissue spots
plotVisium(spe, annotate = "sum", highlight = "in_tissue")

# subset in-tissue spots
sub <- spe[, as.logical(colData(spe)$in_tissue)]

# color by feature counts, don't include image
rownames(sub) <- make.names(rowData(sub)$gene_name)
plotVisium(sub, annotate = "Gad2", assay = "counts")
```

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