

# Package ‘graphite’

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**Title** GRAPH Interaction from pathway Topological Environment

**Description** Graph objects from pathway topology derived from KEGG, Panther, PathBank, PharmGKB, Reactome SMPDB and WikiPathways databases.

**License** AGPL-3

**URL** <https://github.com/sales-lab/graphite>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/sales-lab/graphite/issues>

**Depends** R (>= 4.2), methods

**Imports** AnnotationDbi, graph (>= 1.67.1), httr, rappdirs, stats, utils, graphics, rlang, purrr

**Suggests** checkmate, a4Preproc, ALL, BiocStyle, codetools, hgu133plus2.db, hgu95av2.db, impute, knitr, org.Hs.eg.db, parallel, R.rsp, RCy3, rmarkdown, SPIA (>= 2.2), testthat, topologyGSA (>= 1.4.0)

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**VignetteBuilder** R.rsp

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---

as.list.PathwayList	<i>Conversion of PathwayLists into lists.</i>
---------------------	---

---

Description

Converts a [PathwayList](#) into a list of [Pathways](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'PathwayList'
as.list(x, ...)
```

Arguments

- x                    a [PathwayList](#) object
- ...                  extra arguments to as.list

Value

A list of pathways.

Author(s)

Gabriele Sales

See Also

[PathwayList](#)

Examples

```
as.list(pathways("hsapiens", "kegg"))
```

---

buildPathway	<i>Build a Pathway object.</i>
--------------	--------------------------------

---

## Description

This function creates a new object of type Pathway given a data frame describing its edges.

## Usage

```
buildPathway(id, title, species, database, proteinEdges,  
             metaboliteEdges = NULL, mixedEdges = NULL,  
             timestamp = NULL)
```

## Arguments

id	the pathway identifier.
title	the title of the pathway.
species	the species the pathway belongs to.
database	the name of the database the pathway derives from.
proteinEdges	a data.frame of edges between proteins (or genes). Must have the following columns: src_type, src, dest_type, dest, direction and type. Direction must be one of the two strings: "directed" or "undirected".
metaboliteEdges	interactions between metabolites. Can be NULL. Otherwise, it must have the same structure as proteinEdges.
mixedEdges	interactions between metabolites and proteins. Can be NULL. Otherwise, it must have the same structure as proteinEdges.
timestamp	when the pathway was annotated, by default the time buildPathway is called.

## Value

A new [Pathway](#) instance.

## Examples

```
edges <- data.frame(src_type = "ENTREZID", src="672",  
                   dest_type = "ENTREZID", dest="7157",  
                   direction="undirected", type="binding")  
pathway <- buildPathway("#1", "example", "hsapiens", "database", edges)  
  
# Example with metabolites:  
edges <- data.frame(src_type = "ENTREZID", src="672",  
                   dest_type = "ENTREZID", dest="7157",  
                   direction="undirected", type="binding")  
mixed <- data.frame(src_type = "CHEBI", src="77750",  
                   dest_type = "ENTREZID", dest="7157",  
                   direction="undirected", type="binding")  
pathway <- buildPathway("#1", "example", "hsapiens", "database",  
                       edges, mixedEdges = mixed)
```

---

convertIdentifiers	<i>Convert the node identifiers of a pathway.</i>
--------------------	---

---

### Description

Converts the node identifiers of pathways.

If the option Ncpus is set to a value larger than 1 and the package parallel is installed, the conversion procedure will automatically use multiple cores.

### Usage

```
convertIdentifiers(x, to)
```

### Arguments

x	can be a list of pathways or a single pathway
to	a string describing the type of the identifier. Can assume the values "entrez", "symbol" or the name of one of the columns provided by an Annotation package (for example, "UNIPROT").

### Value

A Pathway object.

### See Also

[Pathway](#)

### Examples

```
r <- pathways("hsapiens", "reactome")
convertIdentifiers(r$mTORC1-mediated signalling`, "symbol")
```

---

cytoscapePlot	<i>Plot a pathway graph in Cytoscape</i>
---------------	--

---

### Description

Renders the topology of a pathway as a Cytoscape graph.

### Usage

```
cytoscapePlot(pathway, ..., cy.ver = 3)
```

### Arguments

pathway	a Pathway object.
...	optional arguments forwarded to <a href="#">pathwayGraph</a> .
cy.ver	select a Cytoscape version. Only version 3 is supported in this release.

## Details

Requires the RCy3 package.

## Value

An invisible list with two items:

graph	the <a href="#">graphNEL</a> object sent to Cytoscape.
suid	the RCy3 network SUID.

## See Also

[Pathway](#)  
[pathwayGraph](#)

## Examples

```
## Not run:  
r <- pathways()  
cytoscapePlot(convertIdentifiers(reactome$`Unwinding of DNA`, "symbol"))  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

Pathway-class	<i>Class "Pathway"</i>
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## Description

A biological pathway.

## Variants

A Pathway instance actually stores multiple variants of the same biological data.

This is the list of included variants:

- proteins: includes only interactions among proteins;
- metabolites: includes only interactions among metabolites;
- mixed: includes all available interactions.

## Methods

`pathwayId(p)`: Returns the native ID of the pathway.

`pathwayTitle(p)`: Returns the title of the pathway.

`pathwayDatabase(p)`: Returns the name of the database the pathway was derived from.

`pathwaySpecies(p)`: Returns the name of the species in which the pathway was annotated.

`pathwayTimestamp(p)`: Returns the date of pathway data retrieval.

`pathwayURL(p)`: Returns the URL of the pathway in its original database, if available.

`convertIdentifiers(p, to)`: Returns a new pathway using a different type of node identifiers.

`edges(p, which = c("proteins", "metabolites", "mixed"), stringsAsFactors = TRUE)`: Returns a data.frame describing the edges of this pathway.

The option which selects the desired pathway variant (see section "Variants" above).

If `stringsAsFactors` is TRUE, strings are converted to factors.

`nodes(p, which = c("proteins", "metabolites", "mixed"))`: Returns the names of the nodes belonging to this pathway.

The option which selects the desired pathway variant (see section "Variants" above).

`plot(p)`: Shows the pathway topology in Cytoscape.

`runClipper(p, expr, classes, method, ...)`: Runs a clipper analysis over the pathway.

`runTopologyGSA(p, test, exp1, exp2, alpha, ...)`: Runs a topologyGSA analysis over the pathway.

### Author(s)

Gabriele Sales

### See Also

[pathways](#)

### Examples

```
reactome <- pathways("hsapiens", "reactome")
pathway <- reactome[[1]]

pathwayTitle(pathway)
pathwaySpecies(pathway)
nodes(pathway)
edges(pathway)
```

---

pathwayDatabases

*List the available pathway databases.*

---

### Description

Obtains the list of pathway databases available through graphite.

### Usage

```
pathwayDatabases()
```

### Value

Returns a data.frame with two columns: species and database.

### Author(s)

Gabriele Sales

### See Also

[pathways](#)

## Examples

```
pathwayDatabases()
```

---

pathwayGraph	<i>Graph representing the topology of a pathway</i>
--------------	---

---

## Description

Builds a graphNEL object representing the topology of a pathway.

## Usage

```
pathwayGraph(pathway, which = "proteins", edge.types = NULL)
```

## Arguments

pathway	a <a href="#">Pathway</a> object.
which	the pathway variant you want. See <a href="#">Pathway</a> documentation for a list of the supported variants.
edge.types	keep only the edges matching the type names in this vector.

## Value

A graphNEL object.

## See Also

[Pathway](#)  
[graphNEL](#)

## Examples

```
r <- pathways("hsapiens", "reactome")
pathwayGraph(r$mTORC1-mediated signalling`, edge.types="Binding")
```

---

PathwayList-class	<i>Class "PathwayList"</i>
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---

## Description

A collection of pathways from a single database.

## Extends

Class "[Pathways](#)", directly.

## Methods

`l[i]` returns a selection of the pathways contained in the pathway list.

`l[[i]]` gives access to one of the pathways contained in the pathway list.

`l$'title'` loads a pathways by its title.

`convertIdentifiers(l, to)` returns a new list of pathways using a different type of node identifiers.

`length(l)` returns the number of pathways contained in the list.

`names(l)` returns the titles of the pathways contained in the list.

`prepareSPIA(l, pathwaySetName, print.names=FALSE)` prepares the pathways for a SPIA analysis.

`runClipper(l, expr, classes, method, maxNodes=150, ...)` runs a clipper analysis over all the pathways in the list.

`runTopologyGSA(l, test, exp1, exp2, alpha, maxNodes=150, ...)` runs a topologyGSA analysis over all the pathways in the list.

## Author(s)

Gabriele Sales

## See Also

[pathways](#)

---

pathways

*Retrieve a list of pathways.*

---

## Description

Retrieve a list of pathways from a database for a given species.

graphite currently supports the following databases:

- [KEGG](#)
- [PANTHER](#)
- [PathBank](#)
- [PharmGKB](#)
- [Reactome](#)
- [SMPDB](#)
- [WikiPathways](#)

Call the [pathwayDatabase](#) function for more details.

## Usage

```
pathways(species, database)
```



**Arguments**

species	one of the supported species
database	the name of the pathway database

**Value**

A PathwayList object.

**See Also**

[PathwayList](#), [pathwayDatabases](#)

**Examples**

```
pathways("hsapiens", "reactome")
```

---

Pathways-class	<i>Class "Pathways"</i>
----------------	-------------------------

---

**Description**

A virtual class acting as a common parent to all other classes representing pathway databases.

**Objects from the Class**

A virtual Class: No objects may be created from it.

**Methods**

No methods defined with class "Pathways" in the signature.

**Author(s)**

Gabriele Sales

**See Also**

[PathwayList](#)

---

prepareSPIA	<i>Prepare pathway dataset needed by runSPIA.</i>
-------------	---

---

### Description

Prepare pathway dataset needed by runSPIA. See [runSPIA](#) and [spia](#) for more details.

### Usage

```
prepareSPIA(db, pathwaySetName, print.names = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

db                    a [PathwayList](#) object or a list of [Pathways](#).  
 pathwaySetName    name of the output pathway set.  
 print.names        print pathway names as the conversion advances.

### Value

This function has no return value.

### References

Tarca AL, Draghici S, Khatri P, Hassan SS, Mittal P, Kim JS, Kim CJ, Kusanovic JP, Romero R. A novel signaling pathway impact analysis. *Bioinformatics*. 2009 Jan 1;25(1):75-82.

Adi L. Tarca, Sorin Draghici, Purvesh Khatri, et. al, A Signaling Pathway Impact Analysis for Microarray Experiments, 2008, *Bioinformatics*, 2009, 25(1):75-82.

Draghici, S., Khatri, P., Tarca, A.L., Amin, K., Done, A., Voichita, C., Georgescu, C., Romero, R.: A systems biology approach for pathway level analysis. *Genome Research*, 17, 2007.

### See Also

[runSPIA](#)  
[spia](#)  
[PathwayList](#)

---

runSPIA	<i>Run SPIA analysis</i>
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---

### Description

Run a topological analysis on an expression dataset using SPIA.

### Usage

```
runSPIA(de, all, pathwaySetName, ...)
```

## Arguments

<code>de</code>	A named vector containing log2 fold-changes of the differentially expressed genes. The names of this numeric vector are Entrez gene IDs.
<code>all</code>	A vector with the Entrez IDs in the reference set. If the data was obtained from a microarray experiment, this set will contain all genes present on the specific array used for the experiment. This vector should contain all names of the 'de' argument.
<code>pathwaySetName</code>	The name of a pathway set created with <a href="#">prepareSPIA</a> .
<code>...</code>	Additional options to pass to <a href="#">spia</a> .

## Details

The `spia` option "organism" is internally used. It is an error use it in the additional options.

## Value

The same of `spia`, without KEGG links. A data frame containing the ranked pathways and various statistics: `pSize` is the number of genes on the pathway; `NDE` is the number of DE genes per pathway; `tA` is the observed total perturbation accumulation in the pathway; `pNDE` is the probability to observe at least `NDE` genes on the pathway using a hypergeometric model; `pPERT` is the probability to observe a total accumulation more extreme than `tA` only by chance; `pG` is the p-value obtained by combining `pNDE` and `pPERT`; `pGFdr` and `pGFWER` are the False Discovery Rate and respectively Bonferroni adjusted global p-values; and the `Status` gives the direction in which the pathway is perturbed (activated or inhibited).

## References

- Tarca AL, Draghici S, Khatri P, Hassan SS, Mittal P, Kim JS, Kim CJ, Kusanovic JP, Romero R. A novel signaling pathway impact analysis. *Bioinformatics*. 2009 Jan 1;25(1):75-82.
- Adi L. Tarca, Sorin Draghici, Purvesh Khatri, et. al, A Signaling Pathway Impact Analysis for Microarray Experiments, 2008, *Bioinformatics*, 2009, 25(1):75-82.
- Draghici, S., Khatri, P., Tarca, A.L., Amin, K., Done, A., Voichita, C., Georgescu, C., Romero, R.: A systems biology approach for pathway level analysis. *Genome Research*, 17, 2007.

## See Also

[spia](#)

## Examples

```
if (require(SPIA) && require(hgu133plus2.db)) {
  data(colorectalcancer)

  top$ENTREZ <- mapIds(hgu133plus2.db, top$ID, "ENTREZID", "PROBEID", multiVals = "first")
  top <- top[!is.na(top$ENTREZ) & !duplicated(top$ENTREZ), ]
  top$ENTREZ <- paste("ENTREZID", top$ENTREZ, sep = ":")
  tg1 <- top[top$adj.P.Val < 0.05, ]

  DE_Colorectal = tg1$logFC
  names(DE_Colorectal) <- tg1$ENTREZ
  ALL_Colorectal <- top$ENTREZ

  kegg <- pathways("hsapiens", "kegg")[1:20]
```

```

kegg <- convertIdentifiers(kegg, "ENTREZID")
prepareSPIA(kegg, "keggEx")
runSPIA(de = DE_Colorectal, all = ALL_Colorectal, "keggEx")

unlink("keggExSPIA.RData")
}

```

---

runTopologyGSA	<i>Run a topological analysis on an expression dataset using topologyGSA.</i>
----------------	---

---

### Description

Use graphical models to test the pathway components highlighting those involved in its deregulation.

If the option Ncpus is set to a value larger than 1 and the package parallel is installed, the conversion procedure will automatically use multiple cores.

### Usage

```
runTopologyGSA(x, test, exp1, exp2, alpha, ...)
```

### Arguments

x	a <a href="#">PathwayList</a> , a list of <a href="#">Pathways</a> or a single <a href="#">Pathway</a> object.
test	Either "var" and "mean". Determine the type of test used by topologyGSA.
exp1	Experiment matrix of the first class, genes in columns.
exp2	Experiment matrix of the second class, genes in columns.
alpha	Significance level of the test.
...	Additional parameters forwarded to topologyGSA.

When invoked on a [PathwayList](#), can use the named option "maxNodes" to limit the analysis to those pathways having up to this given number of nodes.

### Details

This function produces a warning and returns NULL when the number of genes in common between the expression matrices and the pathway is less than 3.

### Value

See documentation of [pathway.var.test](#) and [pathway.mean.test](#).

### References

Massa MS, Chiogna M, Romualdi C. Gene set analysis exploiting the topology of a pathway. BMC System Biol. 2010 Sep 1;4:121.

**Examples**

```
if (require(topologyGSA)) {  
  data(examples)  
  colnames(y1) <- paste("SYMBOL", colnames(y1), sep = ":")  
  colnames(y2) <- paste("SYMBOL", colnames(y2), sep = ":")  
  
  k <- pathways("hsapiens", "kegg")  
  p <- convertIdentifiers(k[["Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway"]], "SYMBOL")  
  runTopologyGSA(p, "var", y1, y2, 0.05)  
}
```

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